## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A recombinant nucleotide sequence which codes upon expression for at least a part of a bifunctional hybrid active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamase protein, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein is bearing at least one heterologous sequence, characterized in that wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase hybrid protein is bearing the heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is forming a juncture between the alpha helices of active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamases, wherein said alpha helices correspond to the last two alpha helices before the alpha/beta domain, and wherein the hybrid protein is having two functions, the first function is associated with the  $\beta$ -lactamase portion and the second function is associated with the heterologous sequence having a biological function which is different from the first function.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any of elaims Claim 1 to 3, characterized in that wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein is bearing at least one heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is selected from:
  - a) the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of TEM-  $1 \beta$ -lactamase;
  - b) the region forming a juncture between the alpha helices which are homologous to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of TEM-1 β-lactamase.
- 5. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any of elaims Claim 1 to 4, characterized in that wherein the β-lactamase moiety is selected from the group:
  - a) class A β-lactamase,
  - b) class C β-lactamase,
  - c) class D β-lactamase,
  - d) a recombinant sequence of one or more of a) to c).
- 6. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase moiety is derived from class A  $\beta$ -

lactamase, wherein  $\beta$ -lactamase class A protein is bearing the heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9.

- 7. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 6, characterized in that wherein the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 is selected from the group:
  - a) the amino acid sequence Thr195 to Leu199 of the TEM-1 β-lactamase;
  - b) the amino acid sequence corresponding to the amino acid sequence Thr195 to Leu199 in TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase.
- 8. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any of elaims Claim 1 to-5, characterized in that wherein the β-lactamase moiety is derived from class C β-lactamase, wherein β-lactamase class C protein is bearing the heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helices, which correspond to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 in TEM-1 β-lactamase.
- 9. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 8, characterized in that wherein the region forming a juncture is selected from the group:
  - a) the amino acid sequence K239 to E245 of the AmpC  $\beta$ -lactamase;
  - b) the amino acid sequence corresponding to the amino acid sequence K239 to E245 of the AmpC  $\beta$ -lactamase.
- 10. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any of elaims Claim 1 to 5, characterized in that wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase moiety is derived from class D  $\beta$ -lactamase, wherein  $\beta$ -lactamase class D protein is bearing the heterologous sequence in the region forming a juncture between alpha helices, which correspond to alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 in TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase.
- 11. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to claim 10, characterized in that wherein the region forming a juncture is selected from the group:
  - a) the amino acid sequence N510 to F514 of the BlaR-CTD  $\beta$ -lactamase;
  - b) the amino acid sequence corresponding to the amino acid sequence N510 to F514 of the BlaR-CTD  $\beta$ -lactamase.
- 12. (Currently amended) A recombinant nucleotide sequence which codes upon expression for at least a part of a bifunctional hybrid  $\beta$ -lactamase class A protein, characterized

in that wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase class A protein is bearing at least one heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is selected from:

- a) the region forming a juncture between alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of the TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase;
- b) the region forming a juncture between the alpha helices of homologous  $\beta$ -lactamases class A, said alpha helices corresponding to the alpha helix 8 and alpha helix 9 of the TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase, and

wherein the hybrid protein is having two functions, the first function is associated with the  $\beta$ -lactamase portion and is selected from

- c) hydrolyzing  $\beta$ -lactams ( $\beta$ -lactamase activity);
- d) binding covalently and in a stable manner to substances selected from the group  $\beta$ -lactams, derivatives of  $\beta$ -lactams, inhibitors of  $\beta$ -lactams;

wherein the second function is associated with the heterologous sequence having a biological function which is different from the first function.

- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 14, wherein the three-dimensional structure of the  $\beta$ -lactamase portion of the hybrid  $\beta$ -lactamase is homologous to the three-dimensional structure of the TEM-1  $\beta$ -lactamase.
- 16. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 15, wherein the heterologous sequence has a length of 11 or more amino acid residues.
- 17. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 15, wherein the heterologous sequence has a length of 18 or more amino acid residues.
- 18. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 15, wherein the heterologous sequence has a length of 25 or more amino acid residues.

19. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 15, wherein the heterologous sequence has a length of 50 or more amino acid residues.

- 20. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 15, wherein the heterologous sequence has a length of 100 or more amino acid residues.
- 21. (Currently amended) The recombinant nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims Claim 1 to 20, wherein the nucleotide sequence coding for the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence is selected from:
  - a) nucleotide sequence coding for the  $\beta$ -lactamase TEM-1 (SEQ ID NO: 1)
  - b) nucleotide sequence coding for the  $\beta$ -lactamase BlaP (SEQ I D NO: 2);
  - c) nucleotide sequence coding for the  $\beta$ -lactamase BlaL (SEQ ID NO: 3);
  - d) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase AmpC (SEQ ID NO: 39);
  - e) nucleotide sequence coding for the β-lactamase BlaR-CTD (SEQ ID NO: 41);
  - f) a recombinant sequence of one or more of a) to e);
  - g) nucleotide sequences which hybridise under stringent conditions to the nucleotide sequences of any one of a) to f) or fragments thereof.
- of claims Claim 1 to 21, wherein the heterologous sequence is related to a function selected from: being an epitope, being a specific binding partner for antibodies, being specifically recognized and bound by antibodies, having a binding affinity to earth alkali and metal ions, having enzymatic activity, being a toxin (STa heat-stable enterotoxin of *E. coli*), bearing a glycosylation site, bearing a glycosylated peptide, being a specific binding partner for any polypeptide or any ligand, having a binding affinity to dsDNA and ssDNA or RNA (having a binding affinity to nucleotide and polynucleotide).
- Of claims Claim 1 to 22, wherein the heterologous sequence is selected from the group: STa (heat stable enterotoxin of Escherichia coli, SEQ ID NO: 21), protein A of Staphylococcus aureus, (SEQ ID NO: 23 and 25), protein G of Streptococcus pyogenes, (SEQ ID NO: 27 and 29), a linear antigenic determinant of the hemagglutinin of the Influenca Influenza virus (SEQ ID NO:

31), a fragment of human phospholipase-type 11 (hPLA2) (SEQ ID NO: 33), LPS binding amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 35), and nucleotide sequences which hybridise under stringent conditions to said nucleotide sequences or fragments thereof.

## 24. (Canceled)

25. (Currently amended) A recombinant polypeptide comprising at least a part of a bifunctional hybrid active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamase protein, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein is bearing at least one heterologous sequence, wherein the  $\beta$ -lactamase protein is bearing at least one heterologous sequence in a region located between two neighboring alpha helices of the  $\beta$ -lactamase sequence, wherein the region is forming a juncture between the alpha helices of active-site serine  $\beta$ -lactamase, wherein said alpha helices correspond to the last two alpha helices before the alpha/beta domain, and characterized in that wherein the hybrid protein is having two functions, the first function is associated with the  $\beta$ -lactamase portion and the second function is associated with the heterologous sequence having a biological function which is different from the first function.

## 26.-53. (Canceled)